Seminar on Capacity Building on Climate Adaptation Tallinn, March 3, 2015

Adaptation Governance - Local Authorities Bridging the Gap Between Top-Down and Bottom-Up Signals

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Introduction: The world is local

- All action on climate change whether it is adaptation or mitigation will happen locally – in some sort of context
- Local authorities are key in this work
- Varying resources
- Varying impacts/challenges/opportunities

I am here because:

- ❖ I have (together with colleagues) done quite a bit of research of governance of climate change adaptation
- The findings we have done could be applicable also for you
- NOT here to tell you how to adapt to climate change
- BUT to say something about what affects decisions about CCA – process view

I am going to talk about:

- Main research findings
- Global challenges solved locally
- Institutional capacity
- Knowledge top-down and bottom-up
- Incentive structures
- Governance challenges
- Where to go from here?

Main findings

- Size matters
- Individuals matter
- Scientists matter
- Incentives matter

- Governance structure matter
- Experience matters

Global challenges solved locally

- Context specific responses
- How vulnerable are you?
- Integration Mainstreaming
- Linking local solutions to more overarching challenges

Institutional capacity

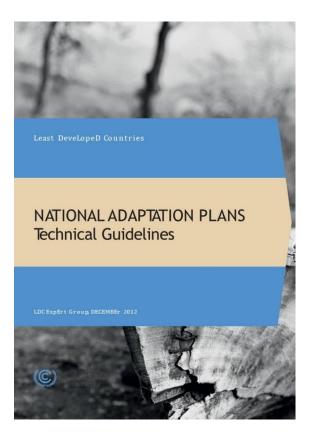
- ❖ We are not "empty boxes" waiting to adapt to CCA
- ❖ We already have a set of resources, a knowledge level, systems and protocols these will necessarily shape CCA responses

What is knowledge?

- Local knowledge
- Scientific knowledge
- Expert knowledge







Why would anyone restore this house once the flood is over?



Source: Heggelund/SCANPIX

...but they will, and they do – so are they fools?

Incentive structures

- ❖ Incentives → response
- Who has access when incentive structures change?
- Who has a strong motivation to try and affect the process?
- Redistribution of costs and benefits

Governance challenges

- If everybody has the right to compensation and today's stakeholders do not have to carry the cost of today's decisions, why would they volunteer to do so?
- Information asymmetry between local and national level
- Uncertainties justification of costs
- How can the national government encourage high efforts in municipalities?

Now what?

- If we cannot do anything about existing systems and structures, how can we get out of the potential misery?
- Tools at the hands of the national government how to use them?
- Who has access?